



Draw conclusions about the significance of foundational beliefs in the lives of believers.

Examine the divergent understandings of God (Allah, God, G\*d) in the monotheistic religions (Islam, Christianity, Judaism).

Examine three foundational beliefs of Christianity (the Incarnation, Resurrection and Ascension of Jesus).

Demonstrate how the application of Biblical criticism helps the reader's understanding, interpretation and use of Old Testament and New Testament texts.

Analyse the causes and effects of events and developments in the Church from c.1750 CE – c.1918 CE, and make judgements about their importance.

Form their own interpretation about *the experience of sin in the world* by:

- explaining the significance of the writings of various religious and lay leaders at that time.
- evaluating the impact of Catholic social teaching on an individual's moral behaviour.
- evaluating the impact of Catholic social teaching on the Church's response to emerging moral questions.

Understand the co-existence of good and evil in the world throughout human history.



## Faith in the lives of believers

SURFACE LEARNINGS  
DEEP LEARNINGS  
CORE FOCUS

Explain the significance of the celebration of the Sacraments of Healing (Penance and Anointing of the Sick) in the lives of believers' past and present.

Examine ways in which believers live their Christian vocation.



Analyse ways in which believers nurture their spiritual lives through personal and communal prayer experiences.



Explain the significance of the three forms of penance (prayer, fasting and almsgiving)

Distinguish between believers' participation in the priestly, prophetic and kingly work of Jesus Christ.

Investigate and discover the relevance of:

- the prayers and writings of Christian spiritual fathers and mothers;
- prayers for forgiveness and healing;
- Christian Meditation and
- meditative prayer practices, including praying with labyrinths.

Participate respectfully in a variety of these prayer experiences.